# STARFIRE TEC-A-START STARTING FLUID

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

### **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**Product identifier** 

Chemical Name Mixture
CAS No. Mixture

Trade Name STARFIRE TEC-A-START STARTING FLUID

Product Code EN-3589

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified Use(s)

Engine starting aid

Uses Advised Against None

Company Identification Coolants Plus, Inc.

2570 Van Hook Ave. Hamitlon, OH. 45015

Telephone (513) 892-4000

Fax

**Emergency telephone number** 

Emergency Phone No. Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC 24 hr. 1-800-424-

9300 / 1 (703) 527-3887 (Collect calls accepted)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Label elements

Hazard Symbol

Flam. Aerosol 1; Compressed dissolved gas; Carc. 2; Skin Irrit. 2; STOT SE 3; Asp. Tox. 1



Signal word(s)

Hazard Statement(s) Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May cause cancer.

Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary Statement(s) Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

Avoid breathing spray.

Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50

°C/122 °F.

Wash hands and exposed skin after use.

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### **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Hazardous Ingredient(s)	% wt. *	CAS No.	Hazard classification
			Flam. Liq. 2, H225
	70-80 426260-76-6		Asp. Tox. 1; H304
Hentone branched evalia and linear		Skin Irrit. 2, H315	
Heptane, branched, cyclic and linear		420200-70-0	STOT SE 3, H336
			Aquatic Acute 2, H401
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
			Flam. Liq. 1; H224
Diethyl Ether	15-25	60-29-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302
			STOT SE 3; H336
Carbon Dioxide	5 - 10	124-38-9	Compressed dissolved gas; H280
Ethanol	< 2	64-17-5	Flam. Liq. 2; H225
Ethanor	< 2	04-17-5	Eye Irrit. 2; H319
			Flam. Gas 1; H220
Chloroethane	< 1	75-00-3	Carc. 2; H351
			Aquatic Chronic 3; H412
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	<0.5	64742-52-5	Asp. Tox. 1; H304
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated Light naphthenic	<0.5	64742-53-6	Asp. Tox. 1; H304

#### Additional Information - None

### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**



#### Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move person to fresh air. If breathing is labored, administer oxygen. If

symptoms develop, obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact Wash affected skin with soap and water. If irritation (redness, rash,

blistering) develops, get medical attention.

Eye Contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation

persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

doctor/physician.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

# **Extinguishing Media**

-Suitable Extinguishing Media

-Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or water spray. Do not use water jet.

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<sup>\*</sup> The exact percentage withheld as a trade secret in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Highly flammable vapor (flash point below 23°C).

IIIIXture

Advice for fire-fighters

A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing

should be worn in fire conditions. Keep containers cool by spraying

with water if exposed to fire.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protective equipment and

emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Environmental precautions

Prevent liquid entering sewers, basements and work pits.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cover spills with inert absorbent material. Transfer to a container for

disposal or recovery.

Reference to other sections None
Additional Information None

### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Precautions for safe handling Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use product in a well-ventilated area only. Do not use in confined spaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

-Storage temperature Store in a well-ventilated place. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose

to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep container tightly

closed.

-Incompatible materials This product should be stored away from sources of strong heat or

oxidizing chemicals.

Specific end use(s) Engine starting aid

### **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

		(8hr TWA)		(STEL)		
SUBSTANCE.	CAS No.	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	PEL (OSHA)	TLV (ACGIH)	Note:
Heptane, branched, cylic and linear	426260-76-6	500 ppm*	1500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>			*n-heptane
Diethyl ether	60-29-7	400 ppm	400 ppm		500 ppm	
Chloroethane	75-00-3	1000 ppm	100 ppm*			*A3
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9		5000 ppm		30,000 ppm	

#Assure minimum oxygen content of work atmosphere. \*A3 = Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

Recommended monitoring method NIOSH 1500 (hydrocarbons, B.P. 36 - 126 °C); NIOSH 1610 (Ethyl

ether); NIOSH 2519 (Ethyl chloride)

**Exposure controls** 

Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation to ensure that the occupational exposure

limit is not exceeded.

Personal protection equipment

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Eye/face protection



Wear protective eyewear (goggles, face shield, or safety glasses).

Skin protection (Hand protection/ Other)



Wear suitable gloves if prolonged skin contact is likely (Nitrile rubber or Butyl rubber). Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data.

Respiratory protection



Normally no personal respiratory protection is necessary. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Check with protective equipment manufacturer's data.

Thermal hazards

Not normally required. Use gloves with insulation for thermal protection, when needed.

Not available

Not available Not available

Not available

Environmental Exposure Controls Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid Color. Colorless

Odor Sweetish, Hydrocarbon-like

Odor Threshold (ppm)
PH (Value)
Not available
Not available
Melting Point (°C) / Freezing Point (°C)
Not available

Boiling point/boiling range (°C):

Flash Point (°C)

Evaporation Rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Storage Flammable

Rot available

34 - 35 (Diethylether)

-45 (Diethylether)

Not available

Extremely flammable

Explosive Limit Ranges 1.85% - 36.5% v/v (Diethylether)

Vapor pressure (Pascal)

Vapor Density (Air=1)

Not available

Vapor Density (Air=1)
Density (g/ml)
Solubility (Water)
Solubility (Other)
Partition Coefficient (n-Octanol/water)

Auto Ignition Point (°C)

Decomposition Temperature (°C)

Kinematic Viscosity (cSt)

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

Not available

Other information

175 (Diethylether)

Not available

Vot available

### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity** Stable under normal conditions.

Chemical stability Stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions None anticipated.

Conditions to avoid Avoid contact with heat and ignition sources.

Incompatible materials This product should be stored away from sources of strong heat or

oxidizing chemicals.

Hazardous decomposition product(s) Carbon monoxide, Carbon dioxide, Acrid smoke

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### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Exposure routes: Inhalation, Skin Contact, Eye Contact

Information on toxicological effects

Heptane, branched, cylic and linear (CAS# 426260-76-6) - By analogy with similar materials:

Acute toxicity Oral: LD50 >5 g/kg-bw

Dermal: LD50 >2 g/kg-bw

Inhalation: LC50 = 65 - 103 mg/L (Vapour), 4-hr. rat

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Irritation/Corrosivity Causes skin irritation. Repeated exposure may cause skin

dryness or cracking. May cause eye irritation.

Sensitisation It is not a skin sensitiser.

NOAEC: 12350 mg/m3 (2 yr, inhal., rat, Systemic effects) Repeated dose toxicity

LOAEC: 1650 mg/m3 (2 hr, inhal., rat, CNS effects)

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Carcinogenicity No data. It is unlikely to present a carcinogenic hazard to

man.

NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA	NIOSH
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Mutagenicity There is no evidence of mutagenic potential.

**Toxicity for reproduction** No information available

Chloroethane (CAS# 75-00-3)

NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA	NIOSH
Clear Evidence in Female Mice	No.	A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogent	No.	Yes.

### **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## **Ecotoxicity**

Heptane, branched, cylic and linear (CAS# 426260-76-6) - By analogy with similar materials:

Short term LL50 (96 hour): >13.4 mg/L (Oncorhynchus mykiss)

> EL50 (48 hour): 3 mg/l (Daphnia magna, mobility) EC50 (96 hour): 13 mg/l (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata)

Long Term NOELR (28 days) 1.5 mg/l (Fish) QSAR

LOEC (21 days): 0.32 mg/l (Daphnia magna)

NOEL (96 hour) 6.3 mg/l (Algae)

Persistence and degradability Readily biodegradable.

The product has no potential for bioaccumulation. Bioaccumulative potential

Mobility in soil Not available.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

Other adverse effects None known.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Waste treatment methods Disposal should be in accordance with local, state or national

legislation. Consult an accredited waste disposal contractor or the

local authority for advice.

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#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT	Sea transport (IMDG)	Air transport (ICAO/IATA)
UN number	1950	1950	1950
Proper Shipping Name	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Environmental hazards	None assigned	None assigned	None assigned
Special precautions for user	None assigned	None assigned	None assigned

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

TSCA (Toxic Substance Control Act) - Inventory Status: All components listed or polymer exempt.

Designated Hazardous Substances and Reportable Quantities (40 CFR 302.4):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	RQ (Pounds)
Chloroethane	75-00-3	< 1	1000

### SARA 311/312 - Hazard Categories:

☐ Fire ☐ Sudden Release ☐ Reactivity ☐ Immediate (acute) ☐ Chronic (delayed)

#### SARA 313 - Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.
Chloroethane	75-00-3	< 1

# SARA 302 - Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355):

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Typical %wt.	TPQ (pounds)
None			

### California Proposition 65 List:

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Type of Toxicity
Toluene	108-88-3	Developmental
Chloroethane	45-00-3	Cancer

### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 1-16.

Date of preparation: June 23, 2015

Hazard Statement(s) and Risk Phrases Listed in: SECTION 2:/ SECTION 3:

#### Hazard Statement(s)

- H220: Extremely flammable gas.
- H224: Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.
- H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
- H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
- H302: Harmful if swallowed.
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- -H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H351: Suspected of causing cancer.
- H401: Toxic to aquatic life.
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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# Training advice: None.

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